

新东方广州学校 任强Aaron 广东东软学院 2018.6.6 Wechat:evhelper

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- 新东方教育集团优秀教师
- 中山大学-麻省理工学院 IMBA
- 2009年加入新东方广州学校,主讲词汇全科,四级,六级,考研,SAT
- 2011.06-2012.10 人力-新教师招聘和培训
- 2012.11-2013.11 国内部词汇项目经理
- 2014.08-2016.07 中山大学岭南学院IMBA

WHY?

勿忘初心方能始终

2013年8月四六级改革

试卷结构	测试内容		测试题型	分值比例	考试时间	
写作	写作	18	短文写作	15%	30分钟	
听力理解	听力对话	短对话	多项选择	8%		
		长对话	多项选择	7%	30分钟	
	听力短文	短文理解	多项选择	10%		
		短文听写	单词及词组听写	10%		
阅读理解	词汇理解		选词填空	5%	119	
	长篇阅读		匹配	10%	40分钟	
	仔细阅读		多项选择	20%		
翻译	汉译英		段落翻译	15%	30分钟	
总计				100%	130分钟	

2015年12月四级听力改革

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一、四级听力试题的调整

- 1. 取消短对话
- 2. 取消短文听写
- 3. 新增短篇新闻(3段)

其余测试内容不变。调整后四级听力部分的试题结构见下表:

测试内容	测试题型	题量	分值比例
短篇新闻3段	选择题(单选)	7题	7%(每题1分)
长对话2篇	选择题(单选)	8题	8%(每题1分)
听力篇章3篇	选择题(单选)	10题	20%(每题2分)

2015年12月六级听力改革

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二、六级听力试题的调整

- 1. 取消短对话
- 2. 取消短文听写
- 3. 听力篇章调整为2篇(原3篇)
- 4. 新增讲座/讲话(3篇)

其他测试内容不变。调整后六级听力部分的试题结构见下表:

测试内容	测试题型	题量	分值比例
长对话2篇	选择题(单选)	8题	8%(每题1分)
听力篇章2篇	选择题(单选)	7题	7%(每题1分)
讲座/讲话3篇	选择题(单选)	10题	20%(每题2分)

710

CET

425

听力 35%---249 阅读

35%---249



翻译与写作 30%---212

- 四级考试时间---6.16
- 9:10-9:40 作文
- 9:40-10:05 听力
- 10:10-11:20阅读与翻译
- 六级考试时间---6.16
- 15:10-15:40 作文
- 15:40-16:10 听力
- 16:15-17:25 阅读与翻译

真题原则

2016.06-2017.12

12套(8套听力)



Vocabulary

- 1. 遍数和频率导致最终的记忆,而不是在一个单词上 停留时间的长短。
- 2. 每次刷单词的时候,不以记牢为目的,仅需要建立 字母组合与中文词义的条件反射关系。
- 3. 先认知,再通过真题例句学会如何使用。

重要的?

important?

crucial, essential, indispensable, of great significance

Grammar

- 1.句子成分
- 2.词法-词性
- 3.句法-重点

2016.06四级第一套题 听力 Part C

- 16.
- A) The importance of sleep to a healthy life.
- B) Reasons for Americans' decline in sleep.
- C) Some tips to improve the quality of sleep.
- D) Diseases associated with lack of sleep.
- 17.
- A) They are more health-conscious.
- B) They are changing their living habits.
- C) They get less and less sleep.
- D) They know the dangers of lack of sleep.

2016.06四级第一套题 听力 Part C

- 18.
- A) Their weight will go down.
- B) Their mind function will deteriorate.
- C) Their work efficiency will decrease.
- D) Their blood pressure will rise.



Listening

Part C
CET 4-Passages
CET 6-Lectures and talks



Dictation

Reading



先题后文+题目串联



2016.06四级第一套题 阅读 Part C

- Passage 1
- 46. What happens when a new technology emerges?
- 47. What does the author say about the driverless car?
- 48. Why does the driverless car appeal to some old people?
- 49. What is likely to affect one's attitude toward the driverless car?
- 50. Who are likely to be the first to buy the driverless car?

Reading



先题后文+题目串联 定位+同义替换

- Passage 1
- 47. What does the author say about the driverless car?
- A) It does not seem to create a generational divide.
- B) It will not necessarily reduce road accidents.
- C) It may start a revolution in the car industry.
- D) It has given rise to unrealistic expectations.
 - It is not always the case, though.
 When you look at attitudes toward
 driverless cars, there doesn't seem
 to be a clear generational divide. The
 public overall is split on whether
 they'd like to use a driverless car.

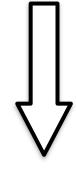
- Passage 1
- 48. Why does the driverless car appeal to some old people?
- A) It saves their energy.
- B) It helps with their mobility.
- C) It adds to the safety of their travel.
- D) It stirs up their interest in life.

 Whereas older generations are sometimes reluctant to adopt new technologies, driverless cars promise real value to these age groups in particular. Older adults, especially those with limited mobility or difficulty driving on their own, are one of the classic use-cases for driverless cars.

- Passage 1
- 50. Who are likely to be the first to buy the driverless car?
- A) The seniors.
 C) The wealthy.
- B) The educated. D) The tech fans.

 Once driverless cars are actually available for sale, the early adopters will be the people who can afford to buy them.

Writing &Translation





•Happiness is a state of going somewhere, wholeheartedly, one-directionally, without regret or hesitation.

-Aaron

Thank you

